COVID-19: Financial Relief Opportunities for Healthcare Providers

Updated June 3, 2020



Sound Health Policy Objectives Achieved

Funding Opportunities for Healthcare Providers

Changes to Medicare/Medicaid Payment

- Medicare Accelerated and Advance Payment Program*
- 20% add-on payment for COVID-19-related inpatient services
- Temporary Medicare sequester relief
- Federal medical assistance percentage (FMAP) increase
- Telehealth policy changes

Grant Opportunities

- \$175 billion Provider Relief
 Fund
- Other funding sources within the Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund
- 30+ grant opportunities created or expanded in the Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act

Business Relief

- Paycheck Protection Program (PPP)
- Economic Injury Disaster Loans (EIDL) and Grants*
- Payroll tax deferral
- Tax credits
- Main Street Lending Program

*Advance Payment Program currently suspended, Accelerated Payment Program under reevaluation *The Small Business Administration (SBA) will accept new EIDL and EIDL Advance applications on a limited basis only to provide relief to US agricultural businesses

Changes to Medicare/Medicaid Payment

Overview of Medicare/Medicaid Payment Changes

Name	Description	Eligible Entities	Repayment Obligations	Additional Information/How to Apply
Medicare Accelerated and Advance Payment Program*	Physicians and other suppliers 100% of the Medicare payment amount for a three-month period Most Hospitals 100% of the Medicare payment amount for a six-month period	Hospitals, physicians, durable medical equipment suppliers, and other Medicare Part A and Part B providers and suppliers The provider must have billed Medicare for claims within 180 days immediately prior to the date of signature on the provider's/supplier's request form; must not be in bankruptcy, under active medical review	Repayment of the advance begins for all participants after 120 days, but providers covered by the CARES Act have additional time to repay the balance. Inpatient acute care hospitals, children's hospitals, certain cancer hospitals and critical access hospitals	For more information and application processes and criteria, see the CMS factsheet. Regulatory language is available here.
*Advance Payment Program currently suspended, Accelerated Payment Program under reevaluation	Critical Access Hospitals 125% of the Medicare payment amount for a six-month period	or a program integrity investigation; and must not have outstanding delinquent Medicare overpayments	will have up to one year from the date that the accelerated payment was made to repay the balance. Interest will accrue on the outstanding balance based on the consumer loan rate at the time. The current interest rate is 9 ⁵ / ₈ %. A small subset of Part A providers that receive a Period Interim Payment will have their accelerated payment included in the reconciliation and settlement of their final cost report. All other Part A providers and Part B suppliers will have 210 days from the date the accelerated or advance payment was made to repay the balance.	On April 26, 2020, CMS announced that it would not be accepting any new applications for the Advance Payment Program for Part B suppliers, effective immediately. CMS also is "reevaluating" all pending and new applications for Accelerated Payments in light of the aid available through the Provider Relief Fund.
Medicare Add-On Payment	A 20% add-on payment for COVID-19-related inpatient services	Hospitals	N/A	N/A
Medicare Sequestration	Suspension of the the Medicare sequester effective May 1, 2020, through December 31, 2020	All Medicare providers	N/A	N/A
FMAP Increase	A 6.2% increase in FMAP for the duration of the public health emergency	To qualify for the temporary FMAP increase during the emergency period, states must: Maintain eligibility standards, methodologies or procedures that are no more restrictive than what the state had in place as of January 1, 2020 Not charge higher premiums than what the state had in place as of January 1, 2020 Cover testing, services and treatments related to COVID-19 at no cost-sharing for beneficiaries Not terminate Medicaid enrollment of individuals who enrolled in Medicaid prior to or during the emergency period, unless the individual voluntarily terminates her eligibility or is no longer a resident of the state	N/A	Frequently asked questions about the FMAP increase are available <u>here</u> .
Telehealth Flexibilities	Congress and CMS have loosened Medicare restrictions on telehealth services, expanded reimbursable Medicare telemedicine services, improved reimbursement for certain telehealth services, and waived specific requirements and restrictions related to the use of telemedicine.	Medicare providers broadly; specific eligibility varies depending on the action	N/A	More information on telehealth flexibilities is available here.

Select Grant Opportunities

Name	Funding Level	Description	Eligible Entities	Additional Information/How to Apply
Provider Relief Fund \$175 billion total (Part of the Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund)	\$50 billion	HHS allocated \$50 billion for general distribution to Medicare fee-for-service (FFS) providers. The first \$30 billion was distributed beginning April 10, 2020, in proportion to a provider's share of 2019 Medicare FFS reimbursement. The second wave of \$20 billion was distributed beginning April 24, 2020, such that the full \$50 billion is allocated proportionately to providers' net patient revenue. More information is available here .	Medicare reimbursement in 2019 According to the <u>Terms and Conditions</u> , an	No application was required for the first \$30 billion. HHS requires revenue data to distribute the additional \$20 billion. For providers that submit cost reports, HHS distributed payments on April 24, 2020. These providers are instructed to access the HHS portal to enter revenue information for verification purposes. Providers that do not file cost reports will need to submit revenue information through the portal if they want to receive funds. Distributions and recipients will become public, and the revenue information providers submit may also become public. Recipients must attest to the Terms and Conditions within 90 days of receiving the funds. Providers that fail to comply with the Terms and Conditions may be subject to recoupment actions. More information is available here. The list of providers that have received funding through the general, hotspot and rural distributions and attested to the Terms and Conditions as of May 29, 2020, is available here.
	\$12 billion	HHS allocated \$12 billion to "hotspot" hospitals. \$10 billion was distributed to eligible providers based on their number of COVID-19 inpatient admissions. An additional \$2 billion will be distributed to these hospitals based on their Medicare and Medicaid disproportionate share and uncompensated care payments. More information is available here .	395 hospitals that provided inpatient care for 100 or more COVID-19 patients through April 10, 2020	To receive these funds, hospitals were required to provide information through an authentication portal by 3:00 PM EDT on April 25, 2020. Hospitals applying for these funds reported their total number of intensive care unit beds as of April 10, 2020, and total number of admissions with a positive diagnosis for COVID-19 from January 1 to April 10, 2020. Recipients must attest to the Terms and Conditions within 90 days of receiving the funds. Providers that fail to comply with the Terms and Conditions may be subject to recoupment actions. The state and county breakdown is available here. The list of providers that have received funding through the general, hotspot and rural distributions and attested to the Terms and Conditions as of May 29, 2020, is available here.
	\$10 billion	HHS allocated \$10 billion to rural hospitals and health clinics. Clinics will each receive a minimum base payment of \$100,000. Hospitals and critical access hospitals will receive a minimum base payment of \$1 million. Clinics and hospitals may receive additional amounts based on a percentage of annual expenses.	Rural general acute care hospitals and critical access hospitals, rural health clinics and community health centers located in rural areas	No application required. HHS identified eligible entities based on the physical address of the facilities as reported to CMS and HRSA. Recipients must attest to the Terms and Conditions within 90 days of receiving the funds. Providers that fail to comply with the Terms and Conditions are subject to recoupment actions. The state-by-state breakdown is available here. The list of providers that have received funding through the general, hotspot and rural distributions and attested to the Terms and Conditions as of May 29, 2020, is available here.
	\$4.9 billion	HHS allocated \$4.9 billion to skilled nursing facilities (SNFs). Each SNF will receive a fixed distribution of \$50,000, plus a distribution of \$2,500 per bed.	All certified SNFs with six or more certified beds	No application required. Recipients must attest to the <u>Terms and Conditions</u> within 90 days of receiving the funds. Providers that fail to comply with the Terms and Conditions are subject to recoupment actions. More information is available <u>here</u> .
	\$500 million	HHS allocated \$500 million to Indian Health Service (IHS) facilities. IHS and tribal hospitals will receive a base payment of \$2.81 million plus 3% of their total operating expenses. IHS and tribal clinics and programs will receive a base payment of \$187,000 plus 5% of the average cost for the service population, and IHS urban programs will receive a base payment of \$181,000 plus 6% of the average cost for the service population.	IHS facilities	No application required. HHS identified the service population for most service units, and estimated an operating cost of \$3,943 per person per year based on actual IHS spending per user from a 2019 IHS Expenditures Per Capita and Other Federal Health Care Expenditures Per Capita report. Recipients must attest to the Terms and Conditions within 90 days of receiving the funds. Providers that fail to comply with the Terms and Conditions are subject to recoupment actions. More information is available here.

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Public Health and Social Services Emergency Fund	\$250 million	Supports hospital preparedness through the Hospital Preparedness Program (HPP), including increasing healthcare facilities' capacity to respond to medical events	Grants to, or cooperative agreements with, entities that are either grantees or sub-grantees of the HPP (a federal grant program supporting regional healthcare preparedness)	Existing HPP requirements apply. More information on the program is available <a here"="" href="https://existable.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.new.ne</td></tr><tr><td></td><td>\$180 million</td><td>Expands services and capacity for rural hospitals, including telehealth</td><td>1,779 small rural hospitals have received a portion of this funding to date. A list of award recipients is available here .	On April 22, 2020, HRSA <u>distributed</u> \$150 million to small rural hospitals through the Small Rural Hospital Improvement Program.
	\$90 million	Funding to support the Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program to respond to COVID-19	Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program recipients	On April 15, 2020, HRSA awarded grants to 581 Ryan White HIV/AIDS Program recipients across the country, including city/county health departments, health clinics, community-based organizations, state health departments, and AIDS Education and Training Centers. The press release is available hers .	
COVID-19 Uninsured Program	At least \$2 billion	Funding for claims reimbursement to certain providers treating uninsured COVID-19 patients	Healthcare providers that have conducted testing or treatment of uninsured individuals with a COVID-19 diagnosis on or after February 4, 2020 Providers must not be on the Office of the Inspector General US Department of Health and Human Services List of Excluded Individuals/Entities, and must not have had their Medicare enrollment revoked by CMS.	Eligible providers can submit claims though a portal and be reimbursed at Medicare rates, subject to available funding. Steps involve: enrolling as a provider participant, checking patient eligibility, submitting patient information, submitting claims, and receiving payment via direct deposit. There will be no adjustments to payment once claims reimbursements are made. Services not covered by traditional Medicare will also not be covered under this program. In addition, the following services are excluded: • Any treatment without a COVID-19 primary diagnosis, except for pregnancy when the COVID-19 code may be listed as secondary elospice services • Outpatient prescription drugs More information is available here.	

Name	Funding Level	Description	Eligible Entities	Additional Information/How to Apply
FCC COVID-19 Telehealth Program	\$200 million	Helps healthcare providers deploy telecommunication and information services, as well as the devices necessary to enable telehealth services	Nonprofit and public healthcare providers that fall into the following categories: Post-secondary educational institutions offering healthcare instruction, teaching hospitals and medical schools Community health centers or health centers providing healthcare to migrants Local health departments or agencies Community mental health centers Not-for-profit hospitals Rural health clinics Skilled nursing facilities A consortia of healthcare providers consisting of one or more entities falling into the first seven categories	Healthcare providers that do not already have an eligibility determination can obtain one by filing an FCC Form 460 with the Universal Service Administrative Company. Healthcare providers can submit applications for the program while their Form 460 is pending. Applications are available on the Telehealth Program page. A list of program awardees as of May 28, 2020, is available here.
Telehealth Network and Telehealth Resource Centers Grant Programs	\$145 million	Supports evidence-based projects that utilize telehealth technologies through telehealth networks. Grants may run for up to five years. The CARES Act Reauthorized these programs through fiscal year 2025.	Entities eligible for the Telehealth Network Grant Program are rural or urban nonprofit entities that will provide direct clinical services through a telehealth network. Eligible entities for the Telehealth Resource Centers Grant Program include nonprofit entities, faith-based, community-based and tribal nonprofit organizations.	Eligible entities can apply for the Telehealth Network Grant Program here. Applications are open until June 15, 2020. On April 22, 2020, HRSA distributed \$11.5 million to 14 Telehealth Resource Centers.
Rural Healthcare Services Outreach, Rural Health Network Development and Small Healthcare Provider Quality Improvement Grant Programs	\$397.5 million	Supports improvement of quality, access and outcomes for rural underserved populations. Grants may run for up to five years. The CARES Act reauthorized these programs through fiscal year 2025.	Eligible entities for the Rural Healthcare Services Outreach grant program are rural nonprofit or rural public entities that represent a consortium of three or more healthcare providers. Eligible entities for the Rural Health Network Development grant program are public or private nonprofit entities located in a rural area or in a rural census tract of an urban county, and all services must be provided in a rural county or census tract. Eligible entities for the Small Healthcare Provider Quality Improvement grant program are rural public or rural nonprofit private healthcare providers or providers of healthcare services.	HRSA is expected to post the application for the Rural Health Network Development Grant Program in August 2020, and the Rural Health Care Services Outreach Program in September 2020.

The grants listed here do not represent a comprehensive list of funding opportunities. However, this list provides an overview of key grants for which healthcare providers can directly apply. Providers should check with their state health departments for more funding opportunities. For a thorough list of available health-related grant opportunities, see our COVID-19 Grants Tracker.

Name	Funding Level	Description	Eligible Entities	Additional Information/How to Apply
Nursing Workforce Diversity-Eldercare Enhancement Program	\$2 million	Supports the eldercare workforce in rural counties where there are healthcare disparities related to access and delivery of care through the expansion of educational opportunities for individuals from disadvantaged backgrounds	Eligible applicants include:	Applications will be accepted until June 4,2020. More information is available here.
Advanced Nursing Education Nurse Practitioner Residency Integration Program	\$15 million	Helps prepare nurse practitioners for primary care or behavioral health practice in integrated, community-based settings, through enhancements to existing 12-month nurse practitioner residency programs	Eligible applicants are accredited schools of nursing, nurse managed health clinics/centers, academic health centers, state or local governments, and other private or public nonprofit entities determined appropriate by the HHS Secretary.	Applications will be accepted until June 8,2020. More information is available here .
Rural Residency Planning and Development Program	\$8.25 million	To support the development of new rural residency programs in family medicine, internal medicine, public health and general preventive medicine, psychiatry, general surgery, and obstetrics and gynecology, to address the physician workforce shortages in rural communities	Eligible applicants include: Rural hospitals Rural community-based ambulatory patient care centers Health centers operated by the Indian Health Service, a Native American tribe or tribal organization Graduate medical education consortiums Entities such as faith-based and community-based organizations, capable of carrying out the grant activities	Applications will be accepted until June 30, 2020. More information is available here .

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Business Relief

Overview of Business Relief

Program	Туре	Eligible Entities	Available Amounts	Eligible Expenses	Additional Information/How to Apply
Paycheck Protection Program (PPP) Expansion of the SBA's 7(a) loan program	Loan	Small businesses, 501(c)(3) nonprofit organizations, 501(c)(19) veterans organizations and tribal businesses with fewer than 500 employees (unless the covered industry's SBA size standard allows more than 500 employees)	Lesser of: \$10 million or 2.5 times an applicant's average total monthly payments for payroll costs incurred during the one-year period before the date on which the loan is made, plus the outstanding amount of any EIDL, made available between January 31, 2020, and when a covered loan is made available, that is to be refinanced under a covered loan Payroll costs do not include the compensation of an individual employee in excess of an annual salary of \$100,000, as prorated for the covered period. Payroll costs also do not include the compensation of an employee whose principal place of residence is outside the United States.	Payroll costs; costs related to group healthcare benefits during periods of paid sick, medical or family leave; and insurance premiums, as well as employee salaries, mortgage interest payments, rent, utilities and interest on other debt obligations	Borrowers are eligible for loan forgiveness in an amount equal to the amount spent by the borrower during the eight-week period after the origination date of the loan for payroll costs, mortgage interest payments (incurred prior to February 15, 2020), rent payments (for leases in force prior to February 15, 2020) and utility payments (service having begun prior to February 15, 2020). The loan forgiveness application is available

Overview of Business Relief

Name	Funding Level	Eligible Entities	Description	Additional Information/How to Apply
Main Street Lending Program	\$600 billion	US companies that either employ fewer than 15,000 workers or had 2019 annual revenues less than \$5 billion	The Federal Reserve established the Main Street Lending Program to offer four-year loans for small and mid-sized businesses affected by the COVID-19 pandemic. Principal and interest payments will be deferred for one year. The Program will operate through three facilities: the Main Street New Loan Facility (MSNLF) and the Main Street Priority Loan Facility (MSPLF) for new loans with a minimum loan size of \$500,000 and maximum size of \$25 million, and the Main Street Expanded Loan Facility (MSELF) for increases to existing loans with a minimum loan size of \$10 million and maximum size of \$200 million.	Firms seeking Main Street loans must make reasonable efforts to maintain payroll and retain workers, and must also follow compensation, stock repurchase and dividend restrictions that apply to direct loan programs under the CARES Act. An eligible borrower may only participate in one of the Main Street facilities: the MSNLF, the MSPLF or the MSELF. However, an eligible borrower may receive more than one loan under a single Main Street facility. Business that have taken advantage of the PPP may also take out loans from the Main Street Lending Program. FAQs (updated May 27, 2020) are available here . The Federal Reserve is currently working to operationalize the Program. More information will be posted here as it becomes available.
Payroll Tax Deferral for Employers	N/A	Employers	Employers may delay paying payroll taxes (6.2% for Social Security) and may defer payments of those payroll taxes for 2020 over the following two years, with half of the amount required to be paid by December 31, 2021, and the other half by December 31, 2022. Businesses that receive loan forgiveness under the CARES Act (available under Title I) will be <i>ineligible</i> for these deferred tax payments.	Businesses that defer the payroll tax may still receive a PPP loan, but they are ineligible for the PPP loan forgiveness. More information related to the deferral of deposit and payment of these employment taxes is available here .
Tax Credits to Offset Costs of Paid Sick Leave Entitlement	N/A	Employers	Optional tax credits for employers (including self- employed individuals) for qualified sick leave wages and family medical leave wages	An employer may claim the paid sick leave tax credit and a PPP loan, but leave wages are not counted as payroll costs for the purposes of loan forgiveness under PPP. For more information and application processes and criteria, see the IRS guidance .
Refundable Employee Retention Tax Credit	N/A	Employers whose businesses have been suspended by government order relating to COVID-19 or whose businesses have experienced at least 50% decline in gross receipts relative to the same quarter of the previous year	A refundable tax credit for employers equal to 50% of qualified wages paid to each eligible employee, capped at \$10,000 per employee	A borrower that receives a PPP loan may not claim the refundable employee retention credit. More information is available here.